

## COURSE OUTLINE

### 1. GENERAL

<b>SCHOOL</b>	Democritus University Thrace		
<b>DEPARTMENT</b>	Social Work		
<b>LEVEL OF STUDIES</b>	Undergraduate		
<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>B 2019</b>	<b>SEMESTER</b>	<b>B</b>
<b>COURSE TITLE</b>	Social Planning		
<b>TEACHING ACTIVITIES</b> <i>If the ECTS Credits are distributed in distinct parts of the course e.g. lectures, labs etc. If the ECTS Credits are awarded to the whole course, then please indicate the teaching hours per week and the corresponding ECTS Credits.</i>		<b>TEACHING HOURS PER WEEK</b>	<b>ECTS CREDITS</b>
		3	5
<i>Please, add lines if necessary. Teaching methods and organization of the course are described in section 4.</i>			
<b>COURSE TYPE</b> <i>Background, General Knowledge, Scientific Area, Skill Development</i>	Scientific Area		
<b>PREREQUISITES:</b>	none		
<b>TEACHING &amp; EXAMINATION LANGUAGE:</b>	Greek		
<b>COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS:</b>	No		
<b>COURSE URL:</b>	<a href="http://www.socadm.duth.gr/undergraduate/curriculum/socadm/cvst2.shtml">http://www.socadm.duth.gr/undergraduate/curriculum/socadm/cvst2.shtml</a>		

### 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning Outcomes

*Please describe the learning outcomes of the course: Knowledge, skills and abilities acquired after the successful completion of the course.*

Upon completion of this course, students should have acquired the following knowledge and skills:

- To be able to develop an "informed commentary" of the main approaches to social planning issues, and to have solidified the theoretical foundations on which these approaches are based.
- To have familiarized themselves with the issues of the dynamics of change in relation to individual institutional fields (social state, labor market, etc.), and to have acquired a good knowledge of the interactions between changes at the macro- and micro-level.
- To have acquired the ability to write a written paper and give an oral presentation.

#### General Skills

*Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information,*

*Demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and sensitivity to*

*ICT Use*

*Teamwork*

*Equity and Inclusion*

*gender issues*

*Critical thinking*

*Promoting free, creative and inductive reasoning*

### 3. COURSE CONTENT

1. Delimitation of social planning
2. Political foundation of social planning
3. The historical development of social planning
4. Documented policy
5. The target groups of social planning
6. Professionalism in social planning
7. The model of the “master plan”
8. Welfare social planning
9. Social planning and social policy
10. Evaluation and feedback
11. Participatory Social Planning
12. National State and new centers of power
13. Social Planning Case Study

### 4. LEARNING & TEACHING METHODS - EVALUATION

<b>TEACHING METHOD</b> <i>Face to face, Distance learning, etc.</i>	Face to face
<b>USE OF INFORMATION &amp; COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT)</b> <i>in Laboratory Education,</i>	<i>Use of ICT in Teaching and in Communication with students</i>
<b>STUDENT EVALUATION</b>	Greek, Multiple Choice Test, Essay Development

### 5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Altshuler, A. (1965). *The City Planning Process: A Political Analysis*. Ithaca, N.Y.: Cornell Univ. Press.

Banks, G. (2009). Evidence-based policy making: What is it? How do we get it? Australian Government: Productivity Commission.

Gans, H. J. (1964). Social and Physical Planning for the Elimination of Urban Poverty. In B. Rosenberg, I.Gerver, & W. Howton (eds), *Mass Society in Crisis* (pp.629– 644). New York: Macmillan.

Hall, S. Held, D. & McGrew, A. (2010). *Η νεωτερικότητα σήμερα*. Αθήνα: Σαββάλας.

Willmott, P. & Cooney, E. (1963). Community planning and sociological research: A Problem of collaboration. *Journal of the American Institute of Planners* 29,123–126.